

PRESIDENT ALREADY IS PREPARING MANY REFORM MEASURES

National Defense, Corrupt Practices Act, Immigration, Water Conservation and Curtailment of Campaign Expenses To Be Taken Up At Next Session; Members of the House Face Strange Organization Situation

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)

WASHINGTON, November 13—President Wilson returned to the White House yesterday after attending the christening of his little grand son in Williamstown, Massachusetts, and was given one of the greatest ovations he has ever received, when he stepped off the train from New York, at the great Union station here.

The crowds began gathering some time before the time for the President to arrive, and when his train pulled into the platform the square in front of the station was packed, as were the streets leading up to the senate building and the Capitol. Mr. Wilson, followed by a number of secret service men and some friends, entered his automobile and was driven direct to the White House.

CROWDS CHEER PRESIDENT

As he passed through the crowds he was cheered again and again, responding by leaning forward in his motor car and raising his hat repeatedly.

The President made no statement yesterday and he is expected to remain mute regarding the attitude he expects to take, until the Republican leaders have admitted his victory and their own defeat. It is understood however that he will take up the question of the submarine situation today. This is admittedly more serious than at any time since the German attack on the British Channel steamer Sussex. The state department officially last night confessed that they are intensely anxious over the crisis, which becomes acute at any time.

DENIES REPORTED CABINET CHANGES

It was also announced that President Wilson had let it be known that repeated reports of changes in the cabinet, which have been given more or less circulation in the press of the nation, "are premature." The reports have been declaring that first this secretary and then that secretary would be superseded by some one else.

The President expressed himself as pleased at the result of the balloting on the border, especially among the Minnesota troops. The vote in the State gives Minnesota to Mr. Hughes by 260, with several precincts still to be heard from, but the soldier vote is favoring Mr. Wilson by a ratio of about fourteen to twelve.

PLAN BIG LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

Administration leaders yesterday declared that they intend to exert themselves to complete the Democratic program before the adjournment of the next session of congress. Many measures are to be introduced by the Bourbon leaders, they said last night, all of them along the lines already urged by Mr. Wilson and his lieutenants.

It is not believed that Mr. Wilson will call a spring session of congress. It was pointed out last night, and for this reason it has been determined to rush matters as much as possible in order to finish before the close of the session.

Among other measures which are regarded as being certain to come up for consideration this coming winter will be a bill providing for immigration reform. It was pointed out last night that Mr. Wilson has upon more than one occasion declared for a reform of the existing laws.

MANY MEASURES ARE CONTEMPLATED

The corrupt practise act now in force, it was asserted falls short of what the President wishes to see in operation, and another measure embodying the ideas of Mr. Wilson will almost certainly be introduced in the lower house early in the coming session.

Still another bill imposing further restrictions upon campaign expenditures is contemplated, while the administration leaders also propose to push through if possible measures for the conservation of water power, revising the existing railroad laws, and providing for vocational education permitting the organization of collective selling agencies abroad and for a more elaborate scheme of national defense.

Both Republican and Democratic leaders last night admitted that the members of the lower house of congress face one of the strangest and most uncertain organization situations in the history of the nation. There are at present a few districts doubtful, but there is apparently a Republican majority of three in the house.

INDEPENDENTS HOLD BALANCE OF POWER

This majority, acknowledge the G. O. P. leaders, is obtained only by figuring in the congressmen elected on the independent ticket in Massachusetts, and the Progressive member from Minnesota. It is believed that these members will vote for the and with the Republicans for organization purposes, although it is possible that they may swing to the Democrats.

There is little likelihood that the official recount of the ballots will make any change in this situation, although it is possible in one or two districts. The delegates from New Mexico, Pennsylvania and North Carolina are doubtful.

Minority leader, Mann of Illinois and Champ Clark of Missouri, now speaker of the house are likely to be the two candidates for the speakership when the house meets.

Whatever happens it is certain that the Republicans will not be able to control legislation for the Democrats will have a working majority of twelve in the senate.

BERLIN REPORTS RAID BY AIRMEN OF ALLIES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 13—An account of raids made Friday by a fleet of Allied aeroplanes on German manufacturing cities was given out here yesterday by the German war office.
The statement said that enemy aircraft flew over three cities, Vökingen, Meiboden and Forbach, Friday dropping bombs on the factories located in those places.
Three persons were killed but only slight damage was done in the cities according to the statement.

JAPANESE LAUNCH GREAT SUPER-DREADNOUGHT ISE

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKIO, November 13—The super-dreadnought Ise, 30,000 tons, which was being built in the Kawasaki shipbuilding yard was launched yesterday morning. More than ten thousand people saw the huge warship slide down the ways. The Ise was launched without a hitch. This is the largest and most efficient battleship in Japan.

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G. O. P. WILL AWAIT OFFICIAL COUNTS

Will Not Concede Election to Bourbons Until Last Tally Has Been Made

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, November 13—Until the last vote cast in California at the presidential election Tuesday is tabulated in an official count the Republican party will not concede defeat. Candidate Hughes will remain in New York, foregoing his vacation, waiting with William R. Wilcox, chairman of the Republican national committee, to see if an official count of the California votes will make any change in the disposition of the State's thirteen electoral votes which, by a narrow margin, are now cast for President Wilson.
Chairman Wilcox, after a conference with Mr. Hughes today, announced the plan to wait an official count in California. He said:
"The Republican national committee and the supporters of Mr. Hughes are in the same position now as they were on the night of the election. The issue for us is not decided."
"We desire an official count of the votes in California, where apparently there is only a narrow margin of a few hundred votes on which the issue hangs. Until such an official count is completed the Republican party will not concede defeat."
"Far be it from us to deprive President Wilson of one vote properly cast."
The official tabulation of election returns will begin in California today. As President Wilson carried the State by a little less than 3000, according to the semi-official count, the result of the official count is watched with interest in all parts of the country. Extraordinary measures have been taken by both sides to guard the tabulation of the returns.
After the official result of California's vote is known, Candidate Hughes and Chairman Wilcox plan extended vacations.

BERLIN CLAIMS FOE USED FLAG OF U. S.

German Admiralty Issues Statement Accusing British Patrol Boat of Trick

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 13—Statements by the admiralty office that the British patrol boat that destroyed the German submarine U-41 flew the American flag have created a deep impression in the minds of the German public. The statements of the admiralty declare that a rowboat containing two survivors was run down by the British patrol boat. The admiralty account recites that the patrol boat flew the American flag when first sighted by the submarine. Under guise of the American emblem, the statements continue, the British "craft was able to destroy the U-41 and when two survivors put it in a small rowboat, the British vessel deliberately ran them down."
"This was done in an attempt to destroy the only surviving witnesses to the fact that the British patrol boat was flying the American flag when she destroyed the submarine," the admiralty statement declares.

SEEKING TO SETTLE BREAKWATER DISPUTE

Deming and Walter Marshall Come to See Attorneys Here

According to information received from Hilo yesterday, negotiations are under way between Richard Deming, vice-president of the American Surety Company of New York, and George E. Marshall, who was the breakwater contractor until recently, for a compromise of the controversy which has stopped all work on the breakwater for six weeks or more and threatens to hold up this important work for months.

Offers and counter-offers have been made, while now it is stated that still another basis of settlement has been broached, which will be considered here. Walter Marshall, acting for his father, is now in that city, and on Friday Mr. Deming left here for Honolulu to consult with his attorneys.
It is asserted that the hitch in the negotiations at this time is simply regarding the amount which the American Surety Company agrees to pay Mr. Marshall for his interest in the breakwater contract as represented by tools and pioneer work.

ZAPATA BANDITS KILL ONE HUNDRED ON TRAIN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LAREDO, Texas, November 13—The bandits under the leadership of Zapata have broken loose once more, and reports from the City of Mexico tabulated here last night told of the indiscriminate slaughter of more than one hundred women, children and Carranza soldiers by the outlaws. The massacre is said to have taken place in the state of Morelos, near the city of Contreras, several days ago.

TEUTON TORPEDOED THE COLUMBIAN CONFIRMATION COMES FROM MADRID

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)

PARIS, November 13—First confirmation of the unofficial reports that the American steamer Columbian of the American-Hawaiian line had been sunk in the Mediterranean by a German submarine was received here today in a wireless message from Madrid. Lloyds advices from London Saturday stated that the members of the crew had been landed at Corunna, Spain.

The Madrid wireless message stated that the Columbian was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean last Wednesday but gave no further details. The American ambassador at Madrid is securing information on the sinking for presentation to his home government.

The Columbian sent out an "S. O. S." call Wednesday saying she was being shelled by a submarine at about the same time that the Peninsular and Oriental passenger steamer Arabia was sunk in the Mediterranean by German torpedo without warning.

According to advices from London yesterday passengers of the Arabia arriving there declared that the Teuton submarine was not seen during the attack. Two engineers on the Arabia were killed and 437 passengers, including 169 women and children were rescued.

Stories told by survivors arriving in London yesterday agree that the big P. & O. liner was torpedoed by the submarine without warning. The first intimation of the attack according to the passengers' accounts, was the sight of the wake of the torpedo. Many passengers observed the mark of the missile speeding through the water.

After the explosion caused by the torpedo striking, the periscope of the German diver was observed to circle about its victim as the passengers were being loaded into small boats.

Official statements from Berlin yesterday report the return of the submarine that sunk the British steamer Rowanmore last month while it was bound from Baltimore to Liverpool. The Rowanmore was a merchantman with several Americans in her crew.

The commander of the submarine reported to the admiralty according to the official statement that the Rowanmore disregarded his signal to stop and attempted to escape the submarine. This attempt necessitated "a few shots to bring her to" the U-boat commander stated and that the Rowanmore was fired upon with this purpose in view when she was sunk, according to Berlin.

Affidavits made by the American members of the crew to American Consul Frost at Queenstown were to the effect that their life-boats were shelled by the submarine. The submarine commander reported to the German admiralty that he believed that the Americans in the crew consisted "only of a few negro stokers."

No report has been received in Berlin yet, according to German admiralty announcement, of the sinking of the British horse transport Marina off Cape Clear. The Marina was unarmed, according to Consul Frost's report, and it was definitely established that five of American members of the crew lost their lives. The Marina was defensively armed with a 4.7 inch gun.

HACKFELD STORE IN HILO ROBBED

Burglar Hides Until Place Is Closed and Then Gets To Work

Word of an exceedingly bold robbery in H. Hackfeld and Company's main store at Waimanua and Kamehameha avenues, Hilo, last Thursday night, is still a puzzle to the police, according to information received here last night. A stranger in Hilo is believed to be guilty. This is the second burglary of the kind in Hilo last week, the other store entered being that of T. Ah Ping.

According to the Hilo police the burglar secreted himself in the Hackfeld establishment before it was closed, then late in the evening, when his activities would not be liable to interruption, he took his time to investigate and a few other things as well, including \$12 in cash and some canned goods to eat. He left by way of a skylight.

One of the reasons for this belief on the part of the police is that there are no marks whatever showing that an entrance was forced, that evidently the burglar was hungry after remaining in hiding for some time and started operations by making a meal on canned lobster and crackers, sitting on the stairs so that he could see anyone coming and so he again if necessary.

Following his meal the burglar secured a chisel in the hardware department and with it pried open the cash drawer, securing \$12 in petty cash there, but missing \$10 in gold which was in an envelope. On the second floor of the big store he pried open another drawer and took some small change, leaving a quarter, just to show there was nothing mean about his style of work.

BELGIANS NOT MADE TO MAKE MUNITIONS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 13—Official denial was issued here yesterday by the German general staff that Belgians had been forced to work in German munition factories.

London reports have been issued that the deportation of the population of Belgian cities by German troops has been for the purpose of providing workers in the German munition plants.

GUESTS OF AD CLUB

James D. Phelan, United States senator from California; John H. Mitchell, president of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, and L. C. Gilman, president of the Great Northern Pacific Steamship Company, will be the guests of honor and the principal speakers at the luncheon to be given by the Ad club in the Young Hotel Wednesday to the visiting Los Angeles business men who arrive on the Great Northern.

POLICE RECORDS SHOW MUCH CRIME

Robberies, Burglaries and Gambling Flourish in Honolulu, Despite "the Force"

Police records bristling with reports of robberies and burglaries show that Honolulu is in the grip of a wave of crime.

Gambling, the sister-crime to thefts of all kinds is running in wide-open defiance of the law, bothered little by the few ineffectual "raids" of the police. Gambling dives of all kinds have increased in number in Honolulu during the last three months and are now running full blast with apparently little opposition from the police.

With open gambling comes robbery of all kinds. Men and women, have been held up and assaulted on the highways. Hotels and homes have been ransacked again and again. Offices, stores, private homes and beach cottages are entered by one means or another and robbed.

One of the leading private hotels of the city has been visited by a sneak thief no less than ten times during the past few weeks. The outlying cottages were swept clean of valuables and the main building rooms were robbed nearly every time.

Foot-pads ply a profitable trade in Waikiki. A cottage at the Pierpoint recently was robbed of \$46. Many homes on Emma Street and in the Lunalilo vicinity have been looted of miscellaneous articles.

Yesterday Harry Marcelle, scenic artist, with headquarters in the Liberty Theater, reported the theft of a valuable collection of paintings and most of his paraphernalia for stage paintings. The office of the Auto Supply Co., at Alakea and Merchant streets, was robbed Friday night.

A quantity of motor lubricants was stolen. Women walking on the public highway have been attacked and robbed. In one instance the victim was slashed across the wrist by a knife in the hands of the highwayman, apparently a Filipino, as he grabbed her purse. One thief with a penchant for stealing wearing apparel had been paying regular visits to the hotels and residences in the Nuuanu section.

The police when questioned refused to admit the number of crimes that have been committed during the last few weeks. Although the detective force is supposed to be on the trail of certain suspicious characters, only one or two arrests have been made since the lawless class started to increase the number of their victims in Honolulu. According to police records, Honolulu at present is averaging more robberies and holdups a day than in any time during the last ten years.

PLAYGROUNDS FOR PLANTATION KIDS

WAILUKU, November 9—A children's playground has been opened in the midst of the Hamakua plantation laborers' camps under the direction of H. D. Sloggett of the Maui Agricultural Club.

LIFE ON FRONTIER NOT ALL POMP FOR NORTHERN MILITIA

Plenty of Work and "Poison Bugs" Kept Things Lively For Missourians

CAPT. W. V. KOLB HEARS FROM HIS NEPHEW IN ST. LOUIS

Latter In Letter Says "Men Are Going to Vote For Hughes"

Life on the near-front down Mexico way hasn't been all pomp and circumstance, according to a letter received by the adjutant of the First Regiment of the Hawaiian national guard, Capt. W. V. Kolb, from his nephew P. Earl Kolb in a St. Louis regiment of the Missouri boys "enlisted for the war" and there being no answer to the puzzle, "Find the war," the bottom dropped out of their enthusiasm.
"I liked the experience fine," writes young Kolb, "and I think you would, too, but I was glad to get back for I was afraid I would have to spend a year or two down in that country. It would be a shame to give it to Carranza."
"It was a bad country to live in, though, and we were not prepared to live comfortably under the circumstances. It was better during the last two weeks. They built a screened mess hall for each company, put electric lights in each tent, gave us shower baths, plenty to eat, plenty of clothes and equipment, and most of all, cots. We all cheered when we got our cots as we had been sleeping in the dust which was ankle deep and full of 'poison' bugs. They would not let us all our bed-sacks.

Fine Lot of Men On Border
"We had a fine lot of men, healthy, fine looking and fine personally. After getting clothes and equipment and being drilled for a while we made the regulars look like 'rookies.' They said it was because the war department was breaking up their regiments and forming new ones. The Ninth Infantry only had about forty-five men to a company."

"I was on the border for two months and one month in the mobilization camp at Nevada, Missouri. I stayed with the regiment until we got back to the mobilization camp from the border and then they sent me home. The regiment stayed there two weeks more and were then mustered out to St. Louis. Only two officers and the men whose time was up got out on the border, although about three hundred men put in application for discharge because of having dependents or being students. The whole machine gun company were students at the University of Missouri. Only myself and nine more got discharges and I did not put in for mine until late, and then, account of my mother, who is getting old and was worrying I do not know how I got it so easily. We ten were all sergeants."

Will Not Be in Reserve
"We do not have to serve in the reserve, but the men whose enlistments run out on the border have to put in their names in the reserve."
"The regiment was mustered back into the guard. The officers do not know where they stand. Some men are not showing up for drills; some men want to go out of the State; some want discharges, as they only enlisted for the war. And they have more equipment than they know what to do with, but it is all blue uniforms."

"On the border we drilled every day and had about two hikes a week. At first we started in with eight miles, and then went up to sixteen. Each regiment was one week on the range and each regiment was supposed to do six weeks border duty, but we did not stay long enough."

"The New Hampshire boys surprised the regular Army officers. They brought down overcoats, and did twenty-four miles a day hiking with their overcoats in their blankets rolls. It was fifty degrees when they left their mobilization camp."

"We only got a look at Mexico. The bridge was guarded day and night and no one was allowed to cross. Nuevo Laredo was the Mexican town across the river from us. It was on the shortest route to Mexico City."

"We left for home two days after the big review, and it was some review! There were C Company, Engineers; twelve companies of coast artillery; Ninth United States Infantry; First, Second, Third and Fourth Missouri Infantry; First Maine Infantry; First New Hampshire Infantry; Field Hospital of Missouri; three batteries of Missouri Field Artillery; one troop of Missouri cavalry, and three troops of the Fourteenth United States Cavalry. There was a total of about 20,000 men."

"As to the new law, we do not know very much about it. We had a war-strength regiment on the border, as we had about five hundred enlistments before we left."

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MOTOR CRASH FATAL
T. Urita, a Japanese who was riding a bicycle along the Kahului road was run down by Frank Correa, a Wailuku chauffeur Saturday, November 4. Urita was taken to the hospital but died of his injuries shortly after.
After a coroner's inquest, Correa was arrested and released on a bond of \$1000. He was arraigned in Wailuku district court Wednesday morning on a charge of manslaughter, waived examination and was committed to stand trial at the next term of the second circuit court.

FRENCH WIN SAILLISEL BY FIERCE ATTACK WITH BIG GUNS

Entire Town Passed Into Hands of Pollus After Repeated Charges in Which the German Defenders Suffered Heavy Losses

BOIS DE ST. PIERRE VAAST NOW FLANKED FROM NORTH

Rumanians and Russians Continue Their Terrific Attacks Against the Lines of Von Mackensen, Driving Him Back

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, November 13—The French have been again successful in their attacks upon the Germans north of the river Somme, and yesterday the entire village of Saillisel fell into their hands, after a prolonged and bloody series of assaults, in which the German artillery was completely blanketed by the French seventy-fives and heavier guns.

The German casualties were extremely heavy as the troops under Crown Prince Rupprecht made the most desperate efforts to drive back the attackers. The wreckage effected by the French artillery fire is said to have been frightful.

Whole trench sectors are said to have been blown smooth, the barbed wire entanglements completely obliterated, and the German defenders wiped out of existence, or buried under the debris of their own dug outs, and forced to surrender when the French infantry reached them.

Strategic Gain Great
More important than the actual ground gained by the French is the strategic importance of their victory. Saillisel is located northeast of "one of the most important of the German positions on the Somme front, the woods of St. Pierre Vaast, which in turn is one of the protecting outworks for the key to Peronne, Mount Saint Quentin."

These woods also endanger the French lines southward to Bouchevigne. This is the "farthest east" of the French line on the Somme front, and the French troops have been at times hard put to it to hold their position in face of the German counter attacks, supported from Mount Saint Quentin and St. Pierre Vaast.

Elsewhere on the western front the fighters have passed a fairly quiet day, with little but the customary daily artillery fire to break the monotony of everyday trench existence.

Upon the eastern and Rumanian fronts, however, there is a different note to tell. In Dobruja the Rumanians have continued to beat down the opposition of the German-Bulgarian-Turkish allies, and are driving von Mackensen back over a fifty mile front. The official despatches from Petrograd and Bucharest last night announced that the troops under the command of General Averoff are still pressing home their offensive just to the north of the Constantza-Tchernovoda railroad.

Germans Falling Back
The German commander has been forced to fall back to a front running from Topol, through Inancensne to Karanassuf. Von Mackensen is said to be making heroic efforts to stem the Slav-Rumanian tide that threatens to engulf his armies, but so far has been unable to effect a stand against the Russian flood the Russians are pouring down upon him and his men.

The reinforcements which Russia is sending to the aid of the Rumanians are also being felt farther to the north, about fifty miles south of the border of the Austrian crown land of the Bukovina. Here is the critical contest of the whole Rumanian line. It is against the flank of the Russian armies menacing Lemberg that the Germans in the Dobruja district and along the Transylvanian Alps are really pushing, for Rumania, while a threat to Bulgaria and a thorn in the side of Austria is not a vital menace to the Teutonic allies.

But Russia is, and if her vast legions in Galicia and the Bukovina can be flanked they will be forced to withdraw and the gains made last summer by the steam roller of General Brusiloff will have been lost to the Czar.

It is therefore von Falkenhayn rather than von Mackensen that the Allies are watching, and the report that the Russian guns and men, large numbers of which have been sent to aid King Ferdinand in his efforts to protect his western frontier, have reached the fighting front in time to stop the advance of the Teutonic forces, has been hailed with delight in this city and London.